



# Cellulosic fibre with a new functionality

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# Kelheim Fibres – The world leading manufacturer of speciality viscose fibres



<b>Head Office</b>	<b>Kelheim, Niederbayern</b>
<b>Capacity</b>	<b>~ 80.000 to/year</b>
<b>Staff</b>	<b>~ 500</b>
<b>Turnover</b>	<b>~ 160 Mio Euro</b>
<b>R&amp;D Background of most historically leading viscose producers</b>	



1936  
**Süddeutsche Zellwolle AG**, Kelheim, start-up of viscose fibre production (**DANUFIL®**)

1968  
 Acquisition of a majority shareholding by **Hoechst AG**

1994  
 Joint Venture **Courtaulds European Fibres**

1999  
**Acordis Kelheim GmbH**

2004:  
**Kelheim Fibres GmbH**  
 Take-over by **EQUI- Fibres GmbH**

# A Very Special Material: Cellulosic Fibres



## Unrivalled properties

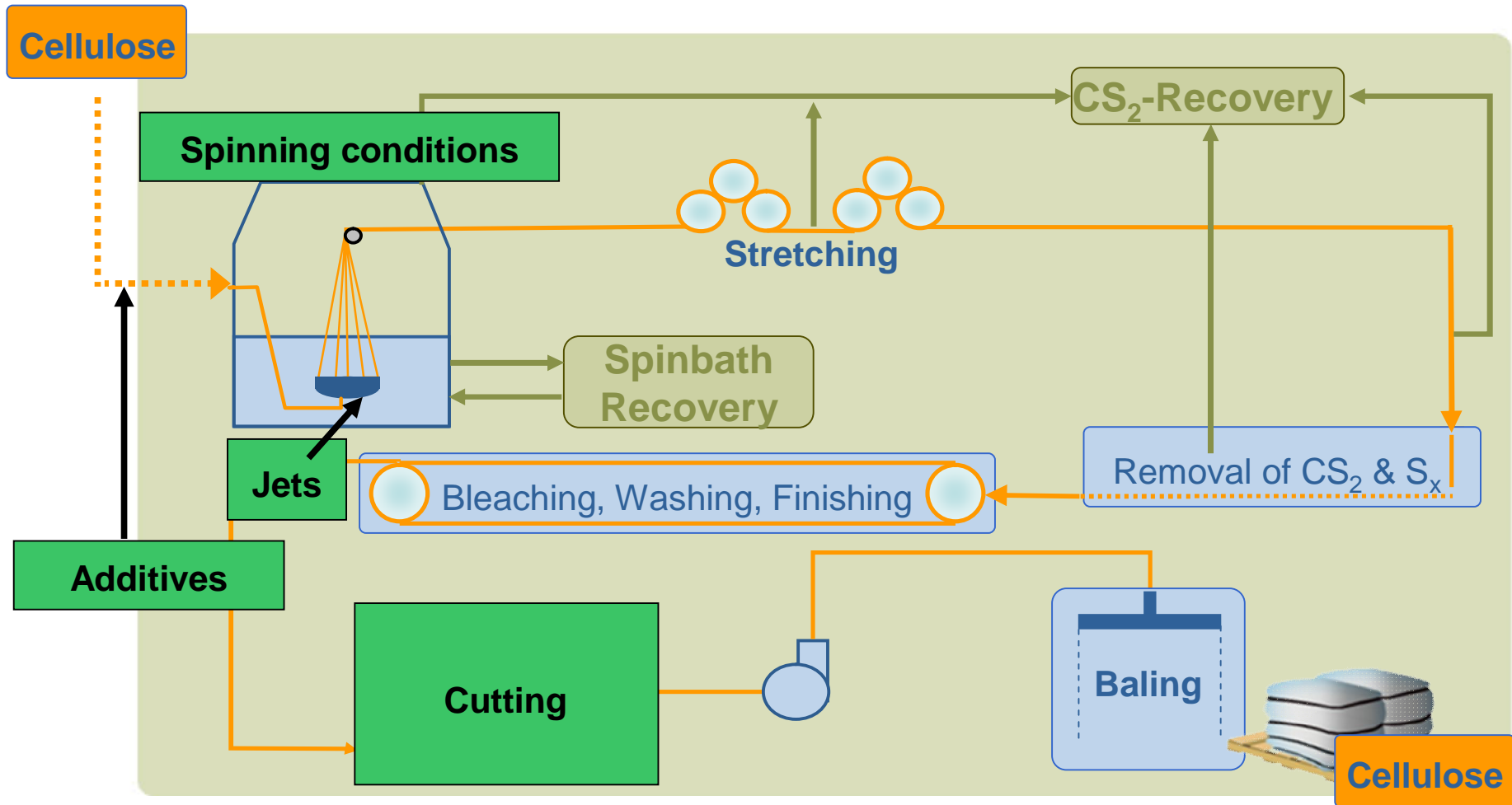
- physiologically neutral, skin-friendly
- hydrophilic, perfect moisture management
- excellent dispersability
- restricted growth of micro organisms
- chemical stability, does not melt
- chemical reactivity (printability, processability, versatility)
- easy modifiable
- hydrogen bonding capability



# A Very Special Material: Cellulosic Fibres

Viscose fibre tool box  
Fibre modifications for improved product properties

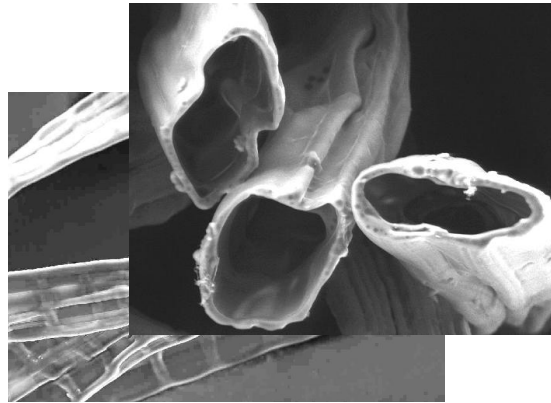
# Viscose Fibre Process



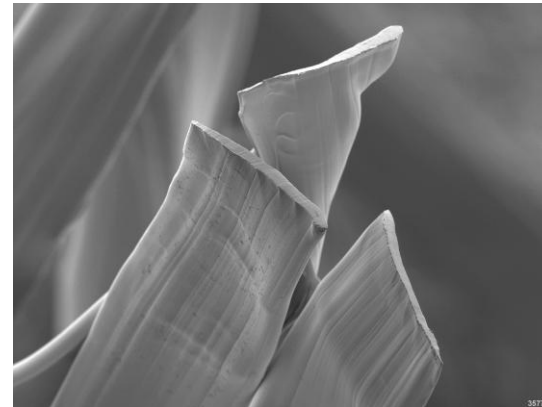
# Viscose Fibre Modifications

## Cross sections

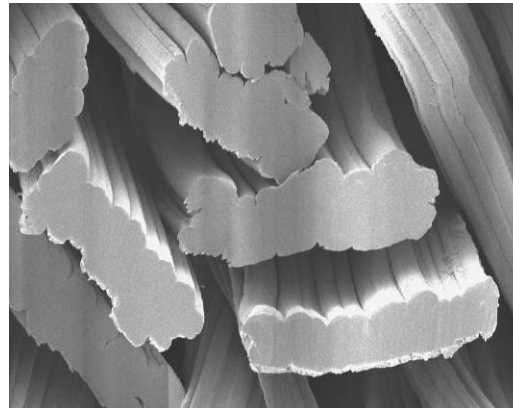
**hollow flat**  
**Bramante / Dante**



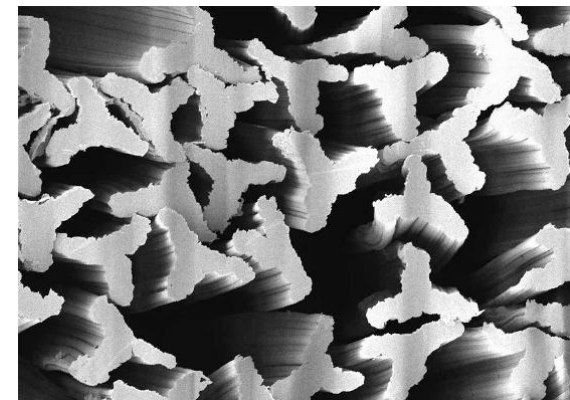
**flat 1:20**  
**Bellini**



**regular round**  
**Danufil®**



**flat 1:4**  
**Viloft®**

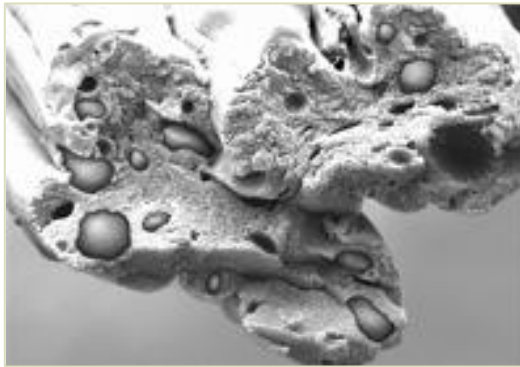


**trilobal**  
**Galaxy®**

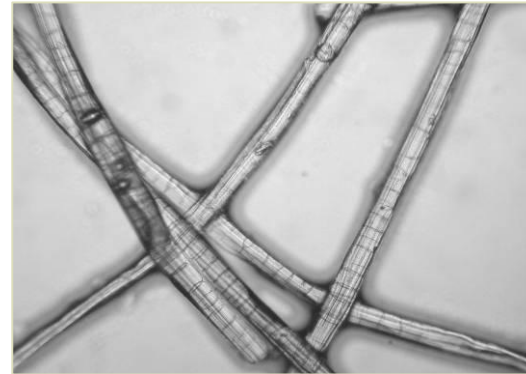
# Viscose Fibre Modifications

## Functionalization

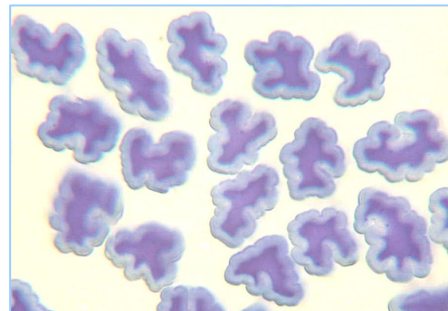
### Incorporation of additives



### Extra absorbency



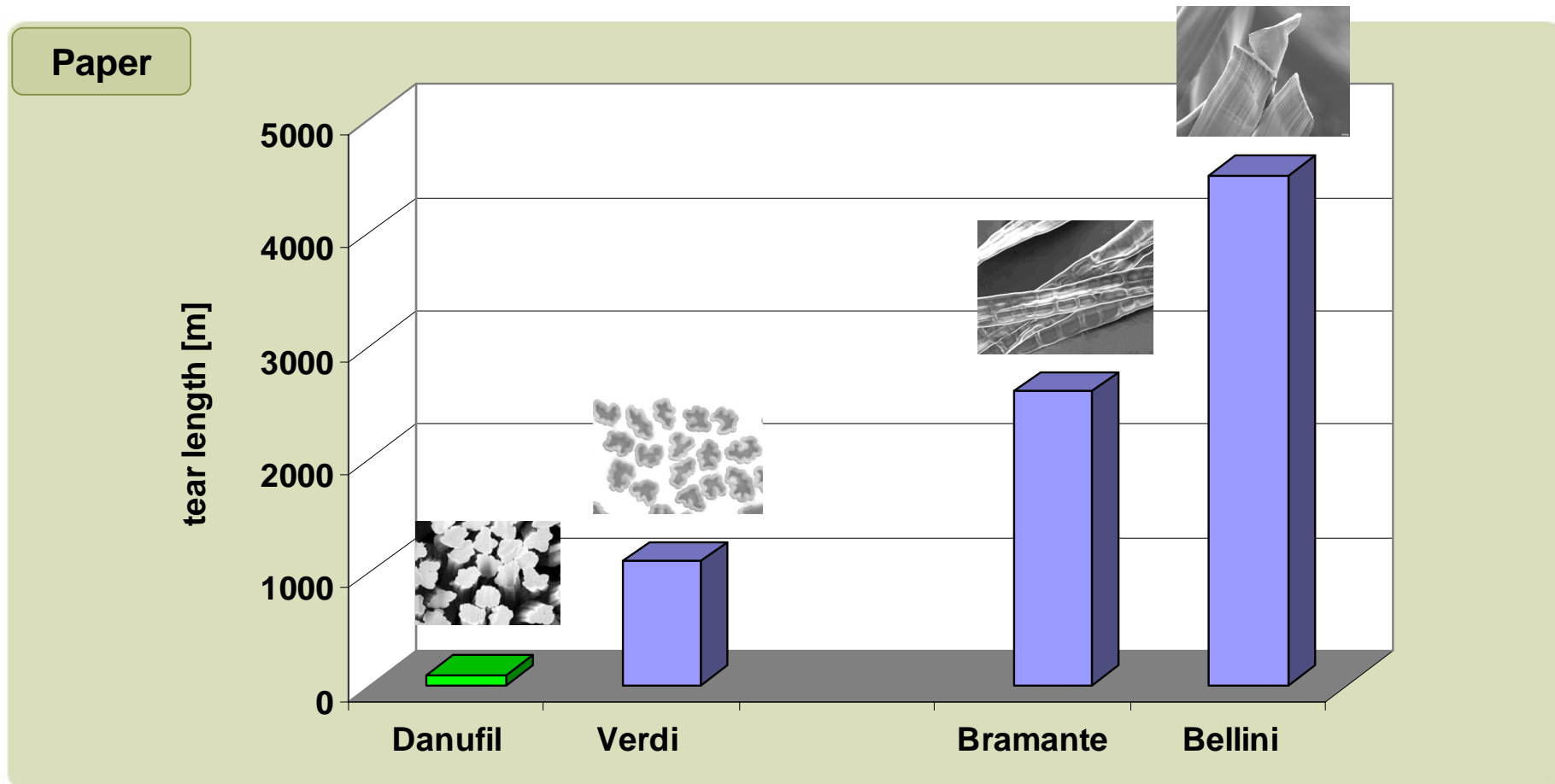
### Chemical modification:



- Anionic fibres (Verdi)
- Cationic fibres (Deep Dye)
- Ion exchange fibres

# Cellulosic fibres with new functionalities

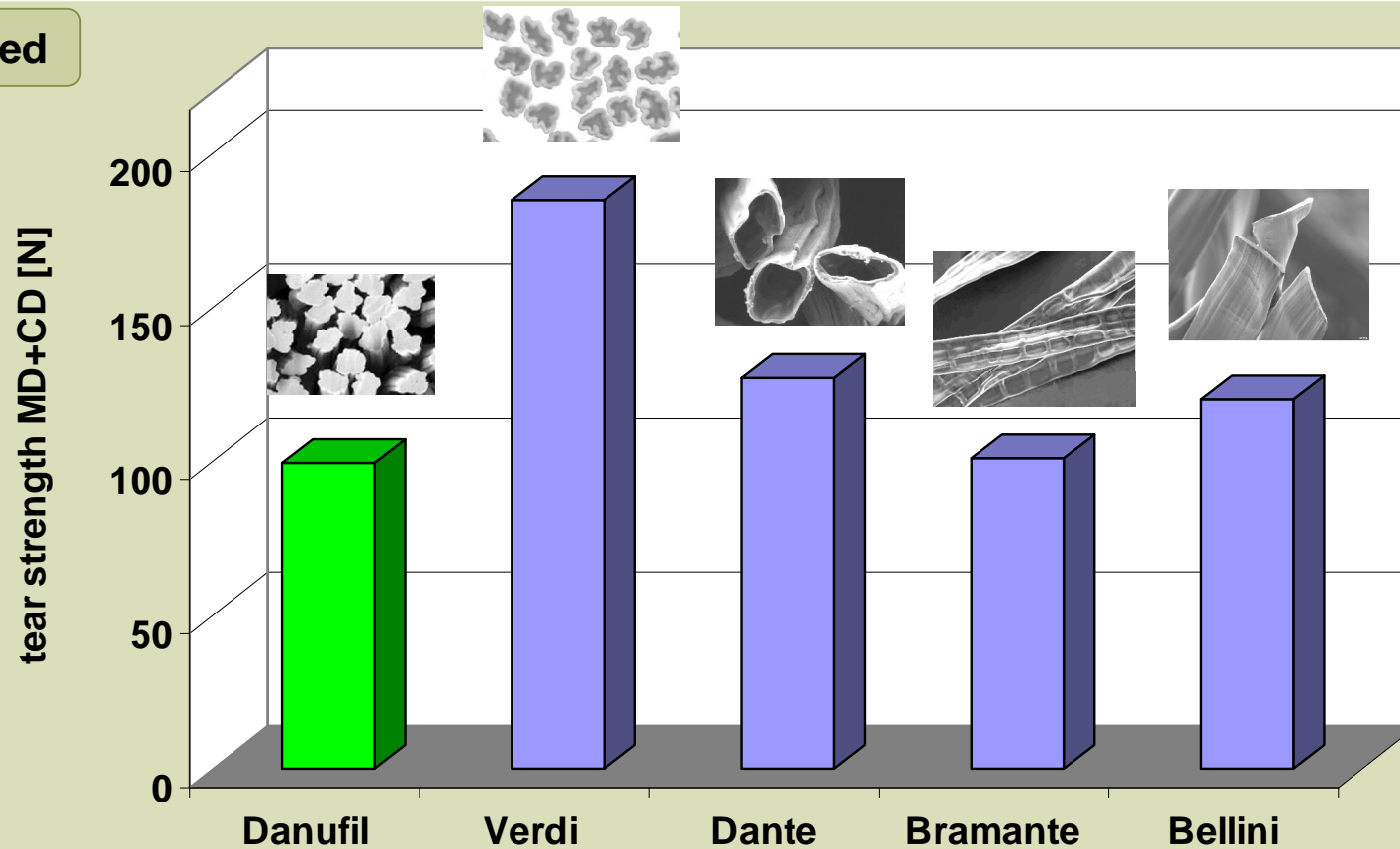
Improved mechanical properties in paper and nonwovens



# Cellulosic fibres with new functionalities

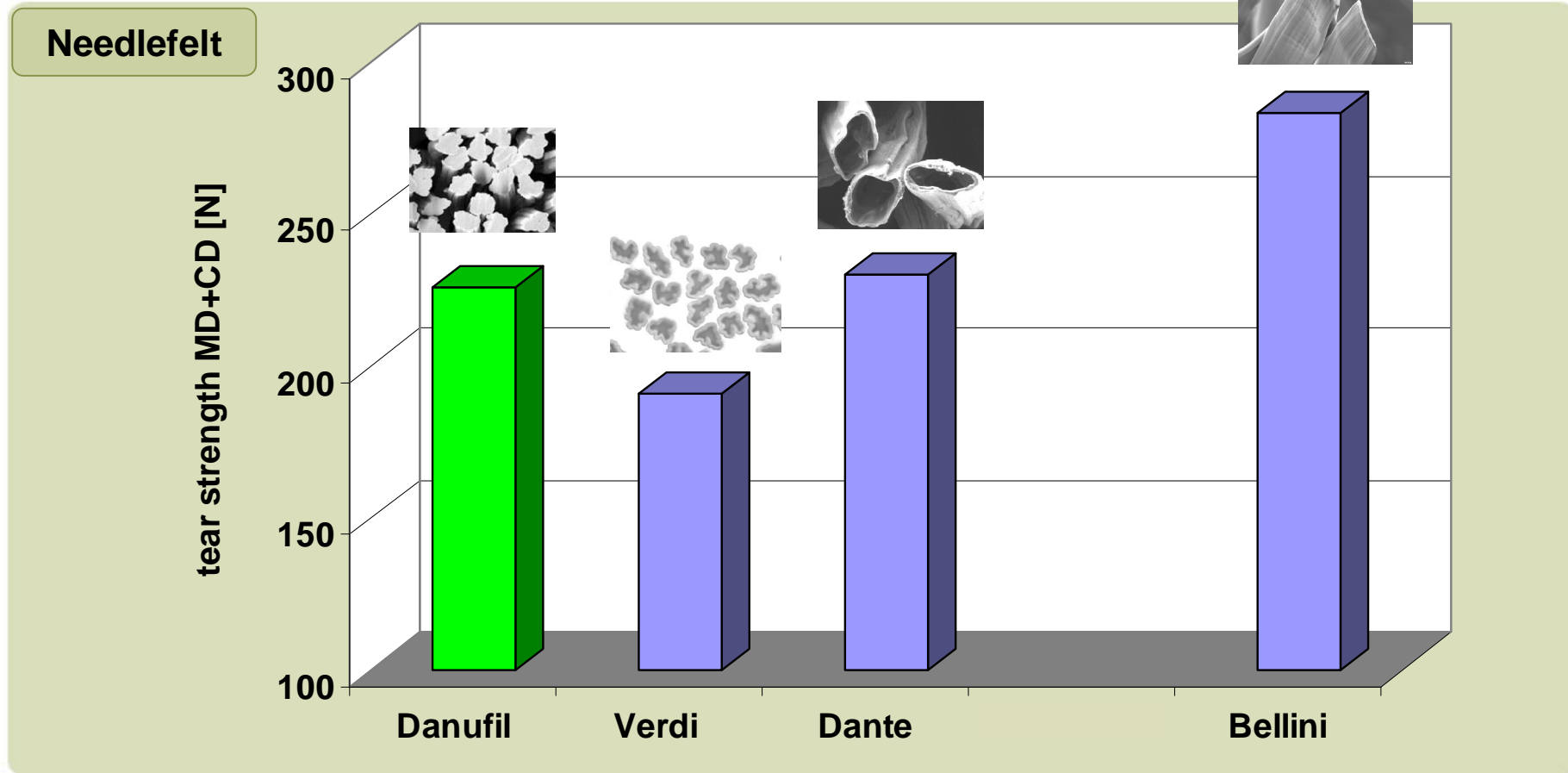
Improved mechanical properties in paper and nonwovens

Spunlaced



# Cellulosic fibres with new functionalities

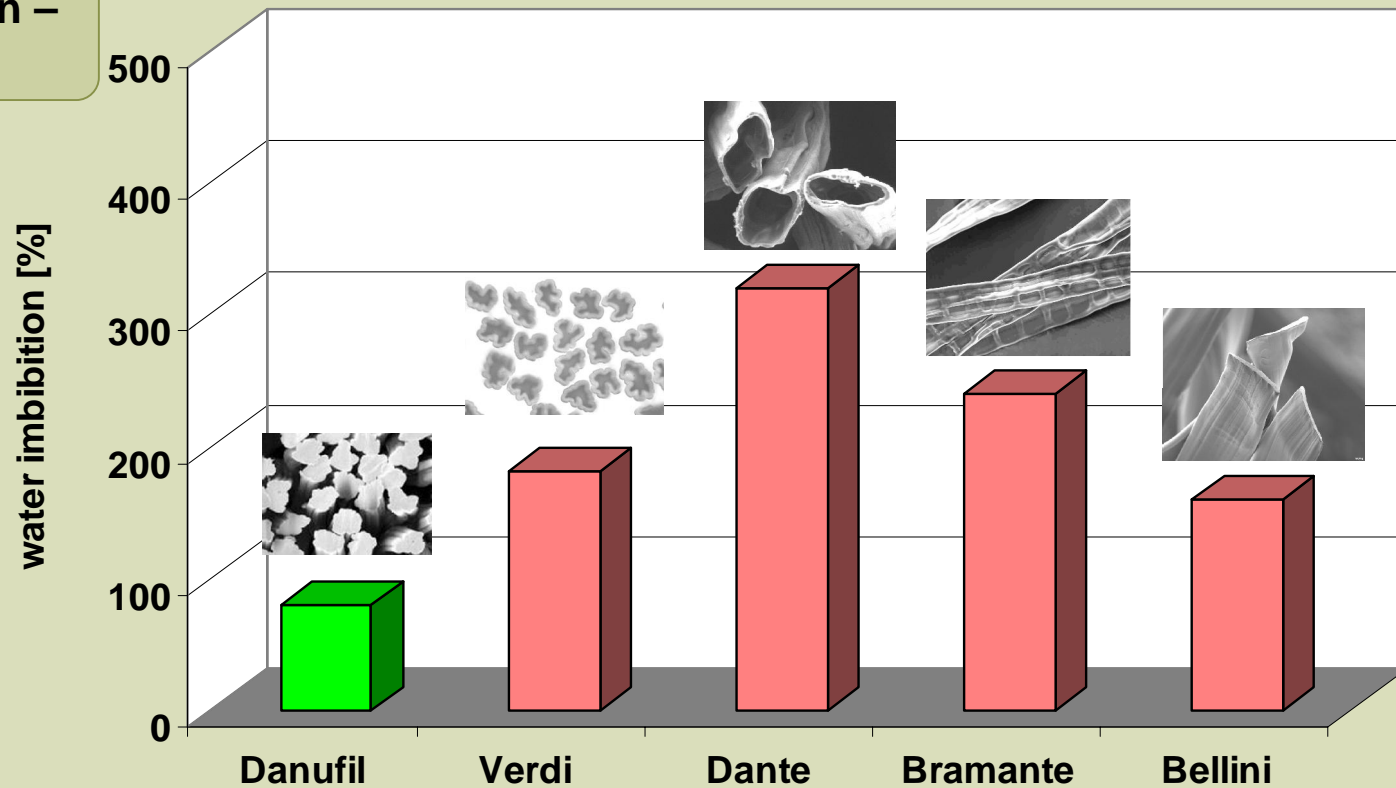
Improved mechanical properties in paper and nonwovens



# Cellulosic fibres with new functionalities

Improved absorbent properties

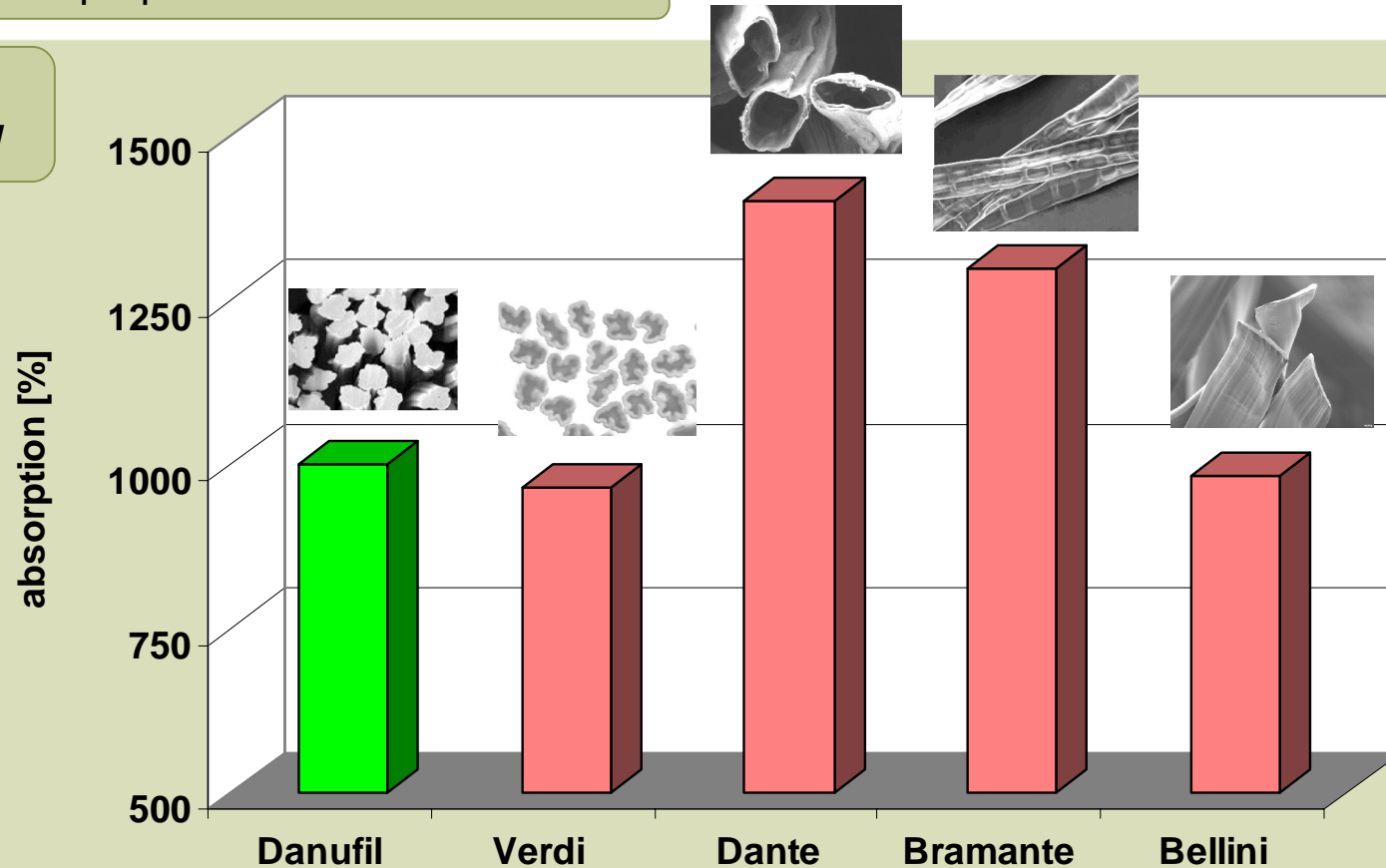
Water imbibition –  
single fibre



# Cellulosic fibres with new functionalities

Improved absorbent properties

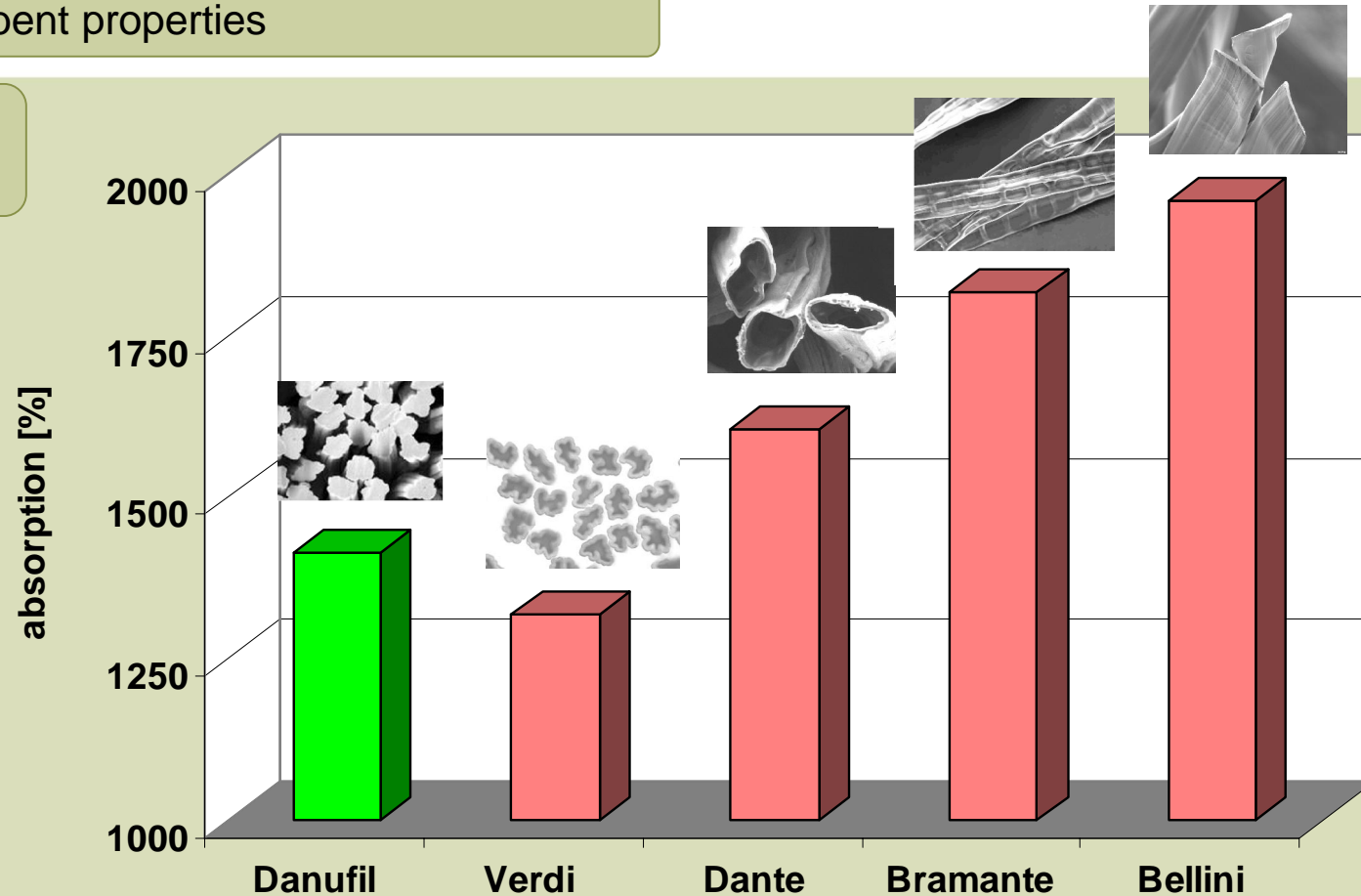
Absorption –  
Spunlaced NW



# Cellulosic fibres with new functionalities

Improved absorbent properties

Absorption –  
Needlefelt NW



# Cellulosic Fiber with a new Functionality

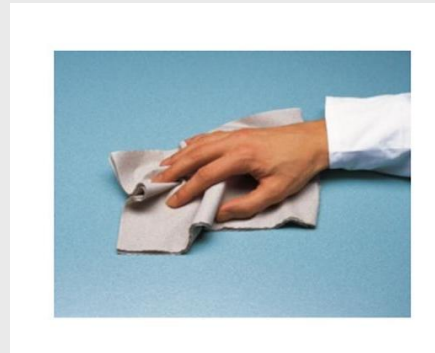
Jan Beringer

Dornbirn Man-Made Fiber Conference | 14 - 16 September 2011 | Dornbirn | Austria

# Possible Application Areas of these new Fibers

Unique water and humidity sorption properties for

- **Clothing physiology**
  - High vaporous and liquid sweat uptake
  - Protective Clothing against Cold
  - Cooling effects



- **Wipes**
- **Self extinguishing / reduced flammability Clothing**



## Application in Clothing Physiology

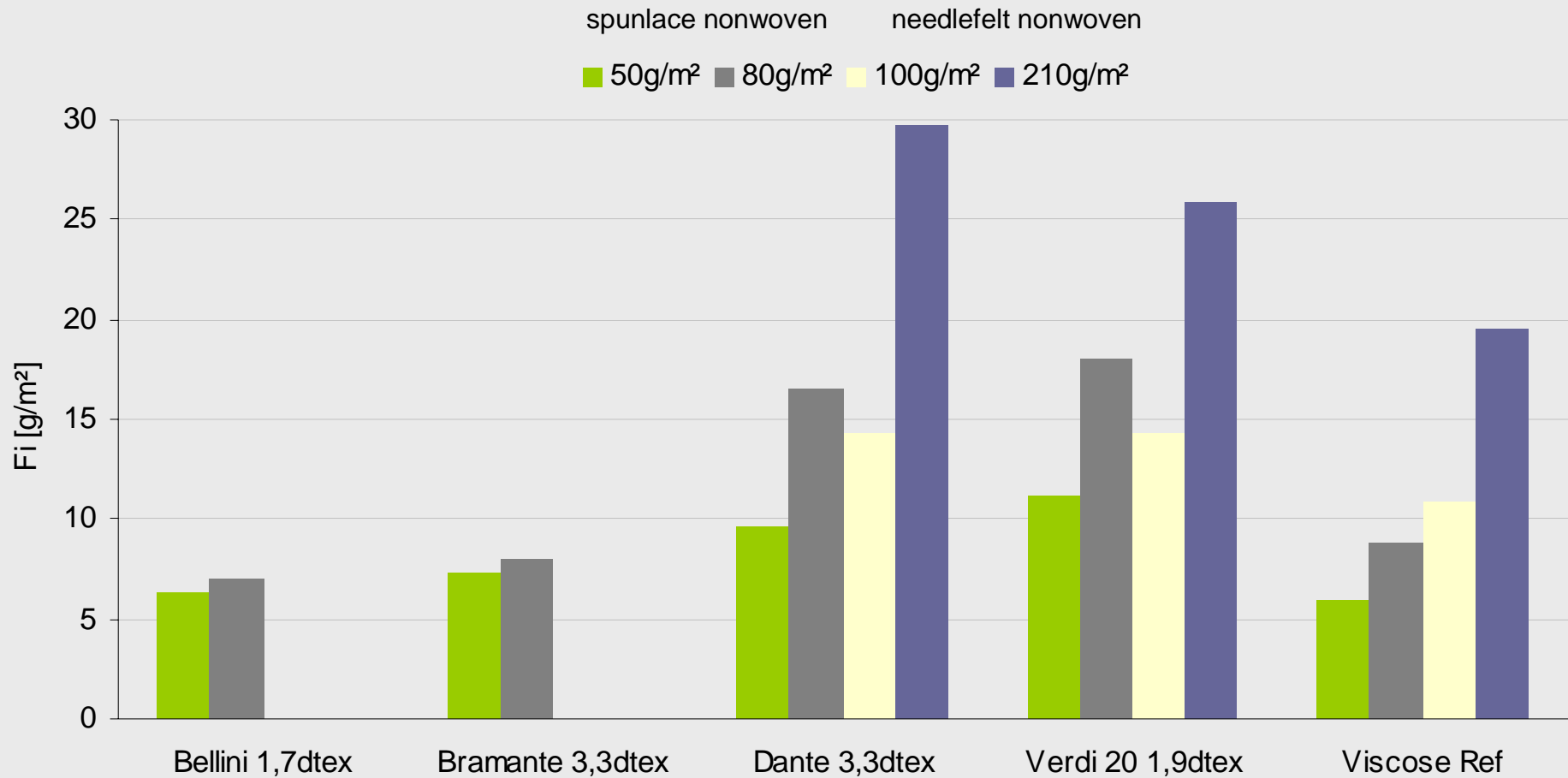
### Why Protective Clothing against cold ?

- Insulation against cold is the main function of this PPE
- Workers sweat in this PPE if the metabolic rate the suit was designed for (acc. to EN 342) is exceeded
- Wet insulation layer results in vastly reduced thermal resistance ( $R_{ct}$ ) values
- Fibers with higher vaporous and liquid water uptake should have a clear advantage !

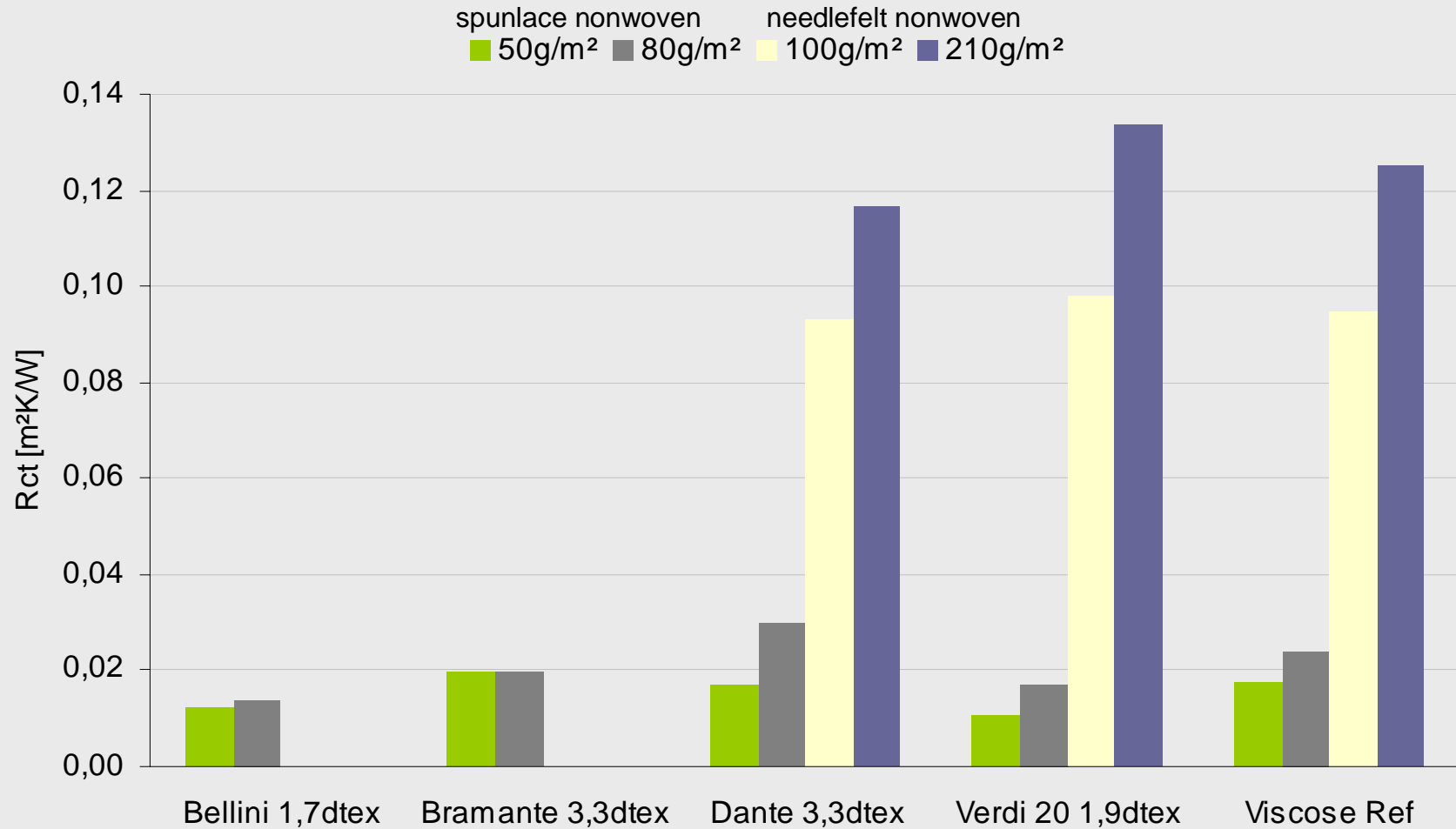
... *Quod erat demonstrandum* - What was to be proven ...



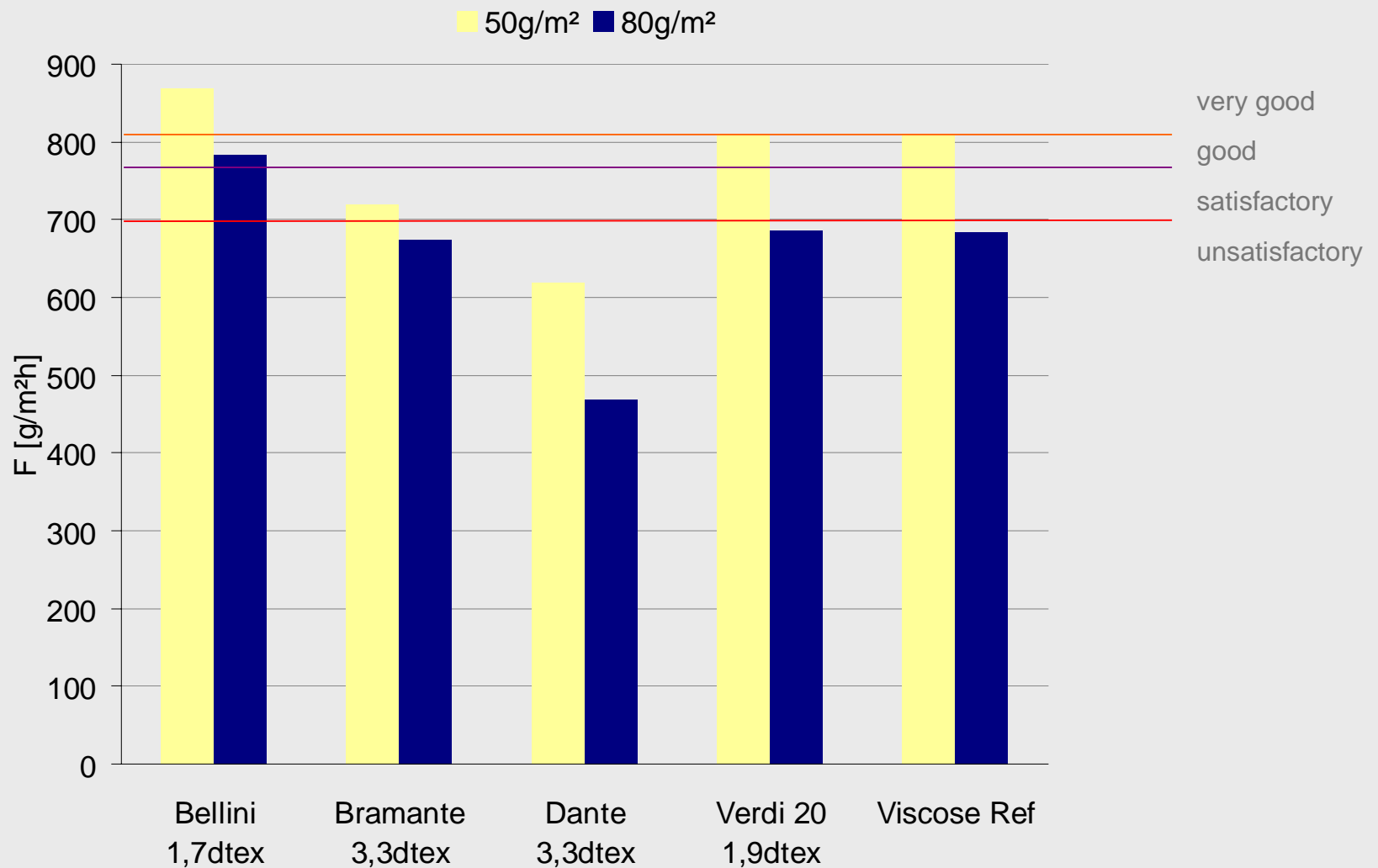
# Short time water vapour absorbency ( $F_i$ )



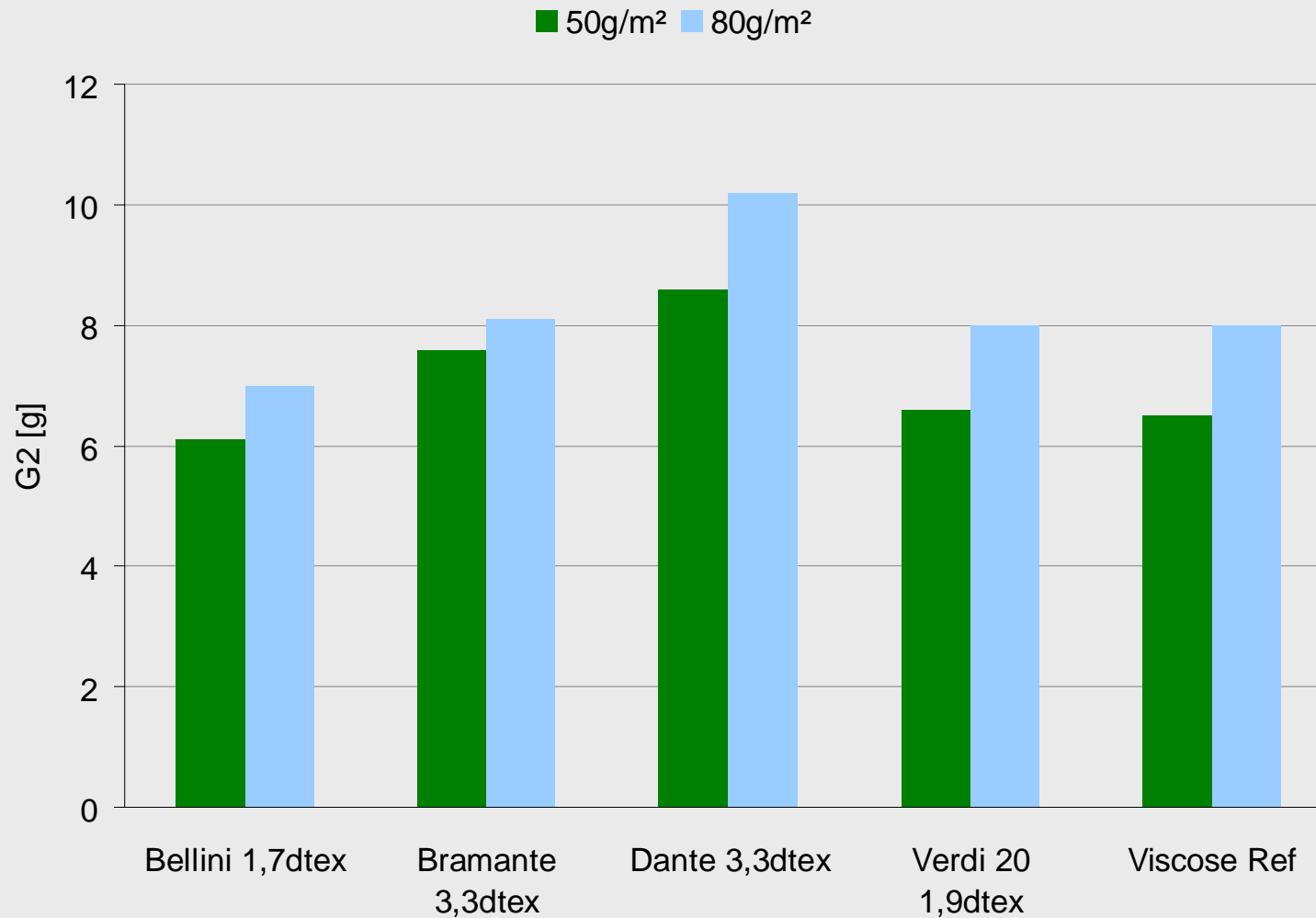
# Thermal resistance or thermal insulation ( $R_{ct}$ )



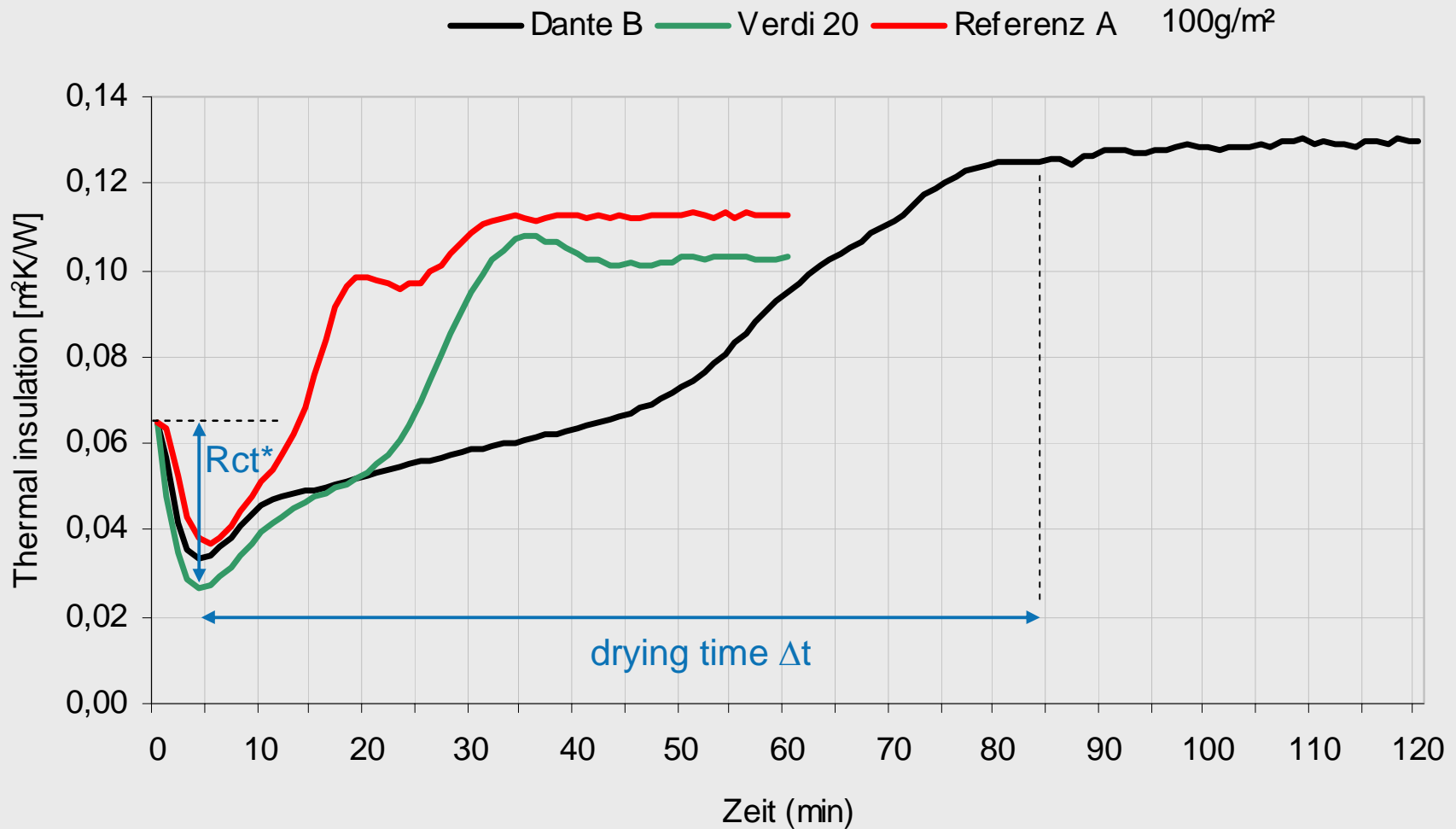
# Buffering capacity of liquid sweat liquid sweat transport (F)



# Buffering capacity of liquid sweat sweat uptake ( $G_2$ )



# Thermal resistance of the moist fabric ( $R_{ct^*}$ )



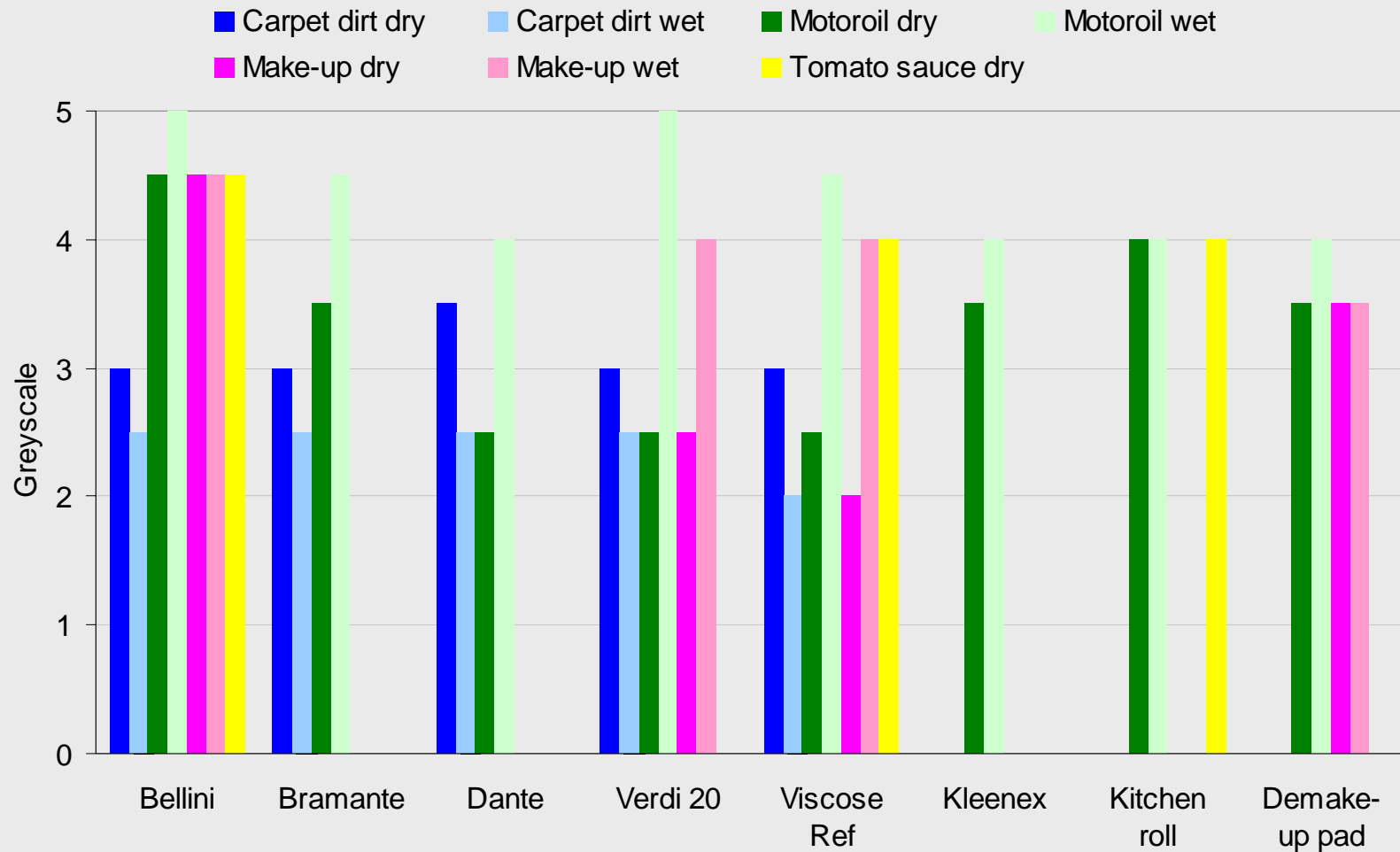
## Summary Protective Clothing against Cold

- Short time water vapour absorbency ( $F_i$ ) is better
- Thermal insulation ( $R_{ct}$ ) is comparable despite a higher  $F_i$
- Buffering capacity of liquid sweat transport ( $F$ ) is comparable but with a higher sweat uptake ( $G_2$ )
- Thermal insulation ( $R_{ct}^*$ ) and drying time ( $\Delta t$ ) of the moist fabric is comparable – except Dante fibers

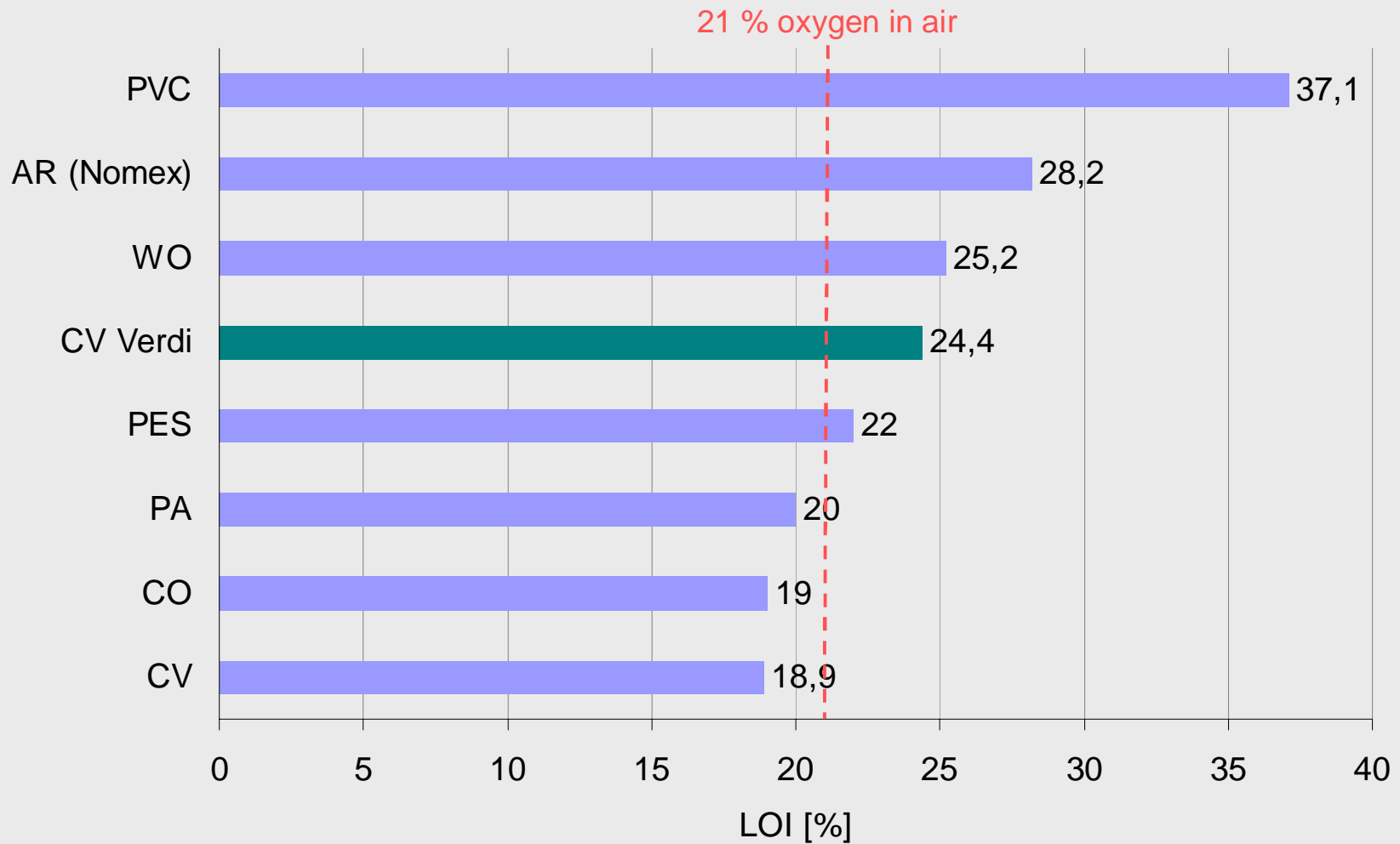


The Verdi fiber has clear advantage in PPE for cold protection  
The Dante fiber is most suitable for long-lasting cooling effects

# Application as Wipes – Modified “Martindale”



# Reduced flammability – LOI Index



## Acknowledgements

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## Thank you for your kind attention

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